

## Sympy vs Sage integration routines

Legend:

Disgraceful failure
Timeout or manual interrupt
Return an unevaluated integral
Asking for assumptions
Solution with fancy special functions

Integrand	Sympy `integrate`		Sage `indefinite_integral`		Comments
	Result	cpu time	Result	cpu time	
$x$	$x^{2/2}$	0	$1/2*x^2$	0	
$a*x^n$	$a*x^{(n + 1)/(n + 1)}$	0	$a*x^{(n + 1)/(n + 1)}$	0	Sage asks whether the denominator is zero before solving.
$a*x^{n + 1}$	$a*x^{(n + 1)/(n + 1)} + x$	0	$a*x^{(n + 1)/(n + 1)} + x$	0	Sage asks whether the denominator is zero before solving.
$a*x^{b + 1}$	$a*x^{(b + 1)/(b + 1)} + x$	0	$a*x^{(b + 1)/(b + 1)} + x$	0	Sage asks whether the denominator is zero before solving.
$1/x$	$\log(x)$	0	$\log(x)$	0	
$1/(x + 1)$	$\log(x + 1)$	0	$\log(x + 1)$	0	
$1/(x^{2 + 1})$	$\text{atan}(x)$	0	$\arctan(x)$	0	
$1/(x^{3 + 1})$	$\log(x + 1)/3 - \log(x^{2 - x + 1})/6 + \sqrt{3}*\text{atan}(2*\sqrt{3})*x/3 - \sqrt{3}/3$	0	$1/3*\sqrt{3}*\arctan(1/3*(2*x - 1)*\sqrt{3}) + 1/3*\log(x + 1) - 1/6*\log(x^2 - x + 1)$	0	
$x^{(-n)/a}$	$x^{(-n + 1)/(a*(-n + 1))}$	0	$-x^{(-n + 1)/((n - 1)*a)}$	0	Sage asks whether the denominator is zero before solving.
$1/(a*x^{n + 1})$	$x*\text{gamma}(1/n)*\text{lerchphi}(a*x^{n*exp_polar(I*pi)}, 1, 1/n)/(n^{2*gamma}(1 + 1/n))$	2	$\text{integrate}(1/(x^{n*a} + 1), x)$	1	Sympy solves with special functions an integral that Sage cannot solve.

1/(a*x**b + 1)	x*gamma(1/b)*erchphi(a*x**b*exp_polar(I*pi), 1, 1/b)/(b**2*gamma(1 + 1/b))	1	integrate(1/(x^b*a + 1), x)	1	Sympy solves with special functions an integral that Sage cannot solve.
a*x**2/(b*x**2 + 1)	a*(sqrt(-1/b**3)*log(-b*sqrt(-1/b**3) + x)/2 - sqrt(-1/b**3)*log(b*sqrt(-1/b**3) + x)/2 + x/b)	0	(x/b - arctan(sqrt(b)*x)/b^(3/2))*a	0	
a*x**3/(b*x**3 + 1)	a*(RootSum(_t**3 + 1/(27*b**4), Lambda(_t, _t*log(-3*_t*b + x))) + x/b)	0	-1/6*(2*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*(2*b^(2/3)*x - b^(1/3)))*sqrt(3)/b^(1/3))/b^(4/3) - 6*x/b - log(b^(2/3)*x^2 - b^(1/3)*x + 1)/b^(4/3) + 2*log((b^(1/3)*x + 1)/b^(1/3))/b^(4/3))*a	0	Interesting examples deserving more study as Sympy uses the sum of the roots of a high order polynomial while Sage uses elementary special functions.
a*x**n/(b*x**m + 1)	a*(n*x*x**n*gamma(n/m + 1/m)*erchphi(b*x**m*exp_polar(I*pi), 1, n/m + 1/m)/(m**2*gamma(1 + n/m + 1/m)) + x*x**n*gamma(n/m + 1/m)*erchphi(b*x**m*exp_polar(I*pi), 1, n/m + 1/m)/(m**2*gamma(1 + n/m + 1/m)))	3	(m*integrate(x^n/((m - n - 1)*b^2*x^(2*m) + 2*(m - n - 1)*x^m*b + m - n - 1), x) - x^(n + 1)/((m - n - 1)*x^m*b + m - n - 1))*a	0	Sympy solves with special functions an integral that Sage cannot solve.
(a*x**2 + 1)/(b*x**2 + 1)	a*x/b + sqrt((-a**2 + 2*a*b - b**2)/b**3)*log(-b*sqrt((-a**2 + 2*a*b - b**2)/b**3)/(a - b) + x)/2 - sqrt((-a**2 + 2*a*b - b**2)/b**3)*log(b*sqrt((-a**2 + 2*a*b - b**2)/b**3)/(a - b) + x)/2	0	a*x/b - (a - b)*arctan(sqrt(b)*x)/b^(3/2)	0	Sage simplifies better (log-to-trig formulas).
(a*x**3 + 1)/(b*x**3 + 1)	a*x/b + RootSum(_t**3 + (a**3 - 3*a**2*b + 3*a*b**2 - b**3)/(27*b**4), Lambda(_t, _t*log(-3*_t*b/(a - b) + x)))	0	a*x/b - 1/3*(a*b - b^2)*sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*(2*b^(2/3)*x - b^(1/3)))*sqrt(3)/b^(1/3))/b^(7/3) + 1/6*(a*b^(2/3) - b^(5/3))*log(b^(2/3)*x^2 - b^(1/3)*x + 1)/b^2 - 1/3*(a*b^(2/3) - b^(5/3))*log((b^(1/3)*x + 1)/b^(1/3))/b^2	0	Interesting examples deserving more study as Sympy uses the sum of the roots of a high order polynomial while Sage uses elementary special functions.
(a*x**n + 1)/(b*x**m + 1)	a*(n*x*x**n*gamma(n/m + 1/m)*erchphi(b*x**m*exp_polar(I*pi), 1, n/m + 1/m)/(m**2*gamma(1 + n/m + 1/m)) + x*x**n*gamma(n/m + 1/m)*erchphi(b*x**m*exp_polar(I*pi), 1, n/m + 1/m)/(m**2*gamma(1 + n/m + 1/m))) + x*gamma(1/m)*erchphi(b*x**m*exp_polar(I*pi), 1, 1/m)/(m**2*gamma(1 + 1/m))	5	a*m*integrate(x^n/((m - n - 1)*b^2*x^(2*m) + 2*(m - n - 1)*x^m*b + m - n - 1), x) - a*x^(n + 1)/((m - n - 1)*x^m*b + m - n - 1) + integrate(1/(x^m*b + 1), x)	1	Sympy solves with special functions an integral that Sage cannot solve.

	$a^*x/b + \text{RootSum}(_t^{*5} + _t^{*3}(500*a^{*2}*b^{*3} + 27*a^{*2} - 1000*a^*b^{*4} - 54*a^*b + 500*b^{*5} + 27*b^{*2})/(3125*b^{*6} + 108*b^{*3}) + _t^{*2}*(27*a^{*3} - 81*a^{*2}*b + 81*a^*b^{*2} - 27*b^{*3})/(3125*b^{*6} + 108*b^{*3}) + _t^{*}(9*a^{*4} - 36*a^{*3}*b + 54*a^{*2}*b^{*2} - 36*a^*b^{*3} + 9*b^{*4})/(3125*b^{*6} + 108*b^{*3}) + (a^{*5} - 5*a^{*4}*b + 10*a^{*3}*b^{*2} - 10*a^{*2}*b^{*3} + 5*a^*b^{*4} - b^{*5})/(3125*b^{*6} + 108*b^{*3}), \text{Lambda}(_t, _t^*\log(x + (3662109375*_t^{*4}*b^{*12} + 3986718750*_t^{*4}*b^{*9} + 242757000*_t^{*4}*b^{*6} + 3779136*_t^{*4}*b^{*3} - 1054687500*_t^{*3}*a^*b^{*9} - 72900000*_t^{*3}*a^*b^{*6} - 1259712*_t^{*3}*a^*b^{*3} + 1054687500*_t^{*3}*b^{*10} + 72900000*_t^{*3}*b^{*7} + 1259712*_t^{*3}*b^{*4} + 410156250*_t^{*2}*a^{*2}*b^{*9} + 655340625*_t^{*2}*a^{*2}*b^{*6} + 51267654*_t^{*2}*a^{*2}*b^{*3} + 944784*_t^{*2}*a^{*2} - 820312500*_t^{*2}*a^*b^{*10} - 1310681250*_t^{*2}*a^*b^{*7} - 102535308*_t^{*2}*a^*b^{*4} - 1889568*_t^{*2}*a^*b + 410156250*_t^{*2}*b^{*11} + 655340625*_t^{*2}*b^{*8} + 51267654*_t^{*2}*b^{*5} + 944784*_t^{*2}*b^{*2} - 48828125*_t^*a^{*3}*b^{*9} - 186046875*_t^*a^{*3}*b^{*6} + 16774290*_t^*a^{*3}*b^{*3} + 629856*_t^*a^{*3} + 146484375*_t^*a^{*2}*b^{*10} + 558140625*_t^*a^{*2}*b^{*7} - 50322870*_t^*a^{*2}*b^{*4} - 1889568*_t^*a^{*2}*b - 146484375*_t^*a^*b^{*11} - 558140625*_t^*a^*b^{*8} + 50322870*_t^*a^*b^{*5} + 1889568*_t^*a^*b^{*2} + 48828125*_t^*b^{*12} + 186046875*_t^*b^{*9} - 16774290*_t^*b^{*6} - 629856*_t^*b^{*3} - 2812500*a^{*4}*b^{*6} + 3596400*a^{*4}*b^{*3} + 104976*a^{*4} + 11250000*a^{*3}*b^{*7} - 14385600*a^{*3}*b^{*4} - 419904*a^{*3}*b - 16875000*a^{*2}*b^{*8} + 21578400*a^{*2}*b^{*5} + 629856*a^{*2}*b^{*2} + 11250000*a^*b^{*9} - 14385600*a^*b^{*6} - 419904*a^*b^{*3} - 2812500*b^{*10} + 3596400*b^{*7} + 104976*b^{*4})/(9765625*a^{*4}*b^{*8} + 26493750*a^{*4}*b^{*5} + 746496*a^{*4}*b^{*2} - 39062500*a^{*3}*b^{*9} - 105975000*a^{*3}*b^{*6} - 2985984*a^{*3}*b^{*3} + 58593750*a^{*2}*b^{*10} + 158962500*a^{*2}*b^{*7} + 4478976*a^{*2}*b^{*4} - 39062500*a^*b^{*11} - 105975000*a^*b^{*8} - 2985984*a^*b^{*5} + 9765625*b^{*12} + 26493750*b^{*9} + 746496*b^{*6})))$	106	$-(a - b)^*\int((x^3 + 1)/(b*x^5 + x^3 + 1), x)/b + a^*x/b$	0	Sympy solves with special functions an integral that Sage cannot solve.
$\sqrt(1/x)$	$2*x^*\sqrt(1/x)$	0	$2*x^*\sqrt(1/x)$	0	
$\sqrt(1/(x + 1))$	$2*x^*\sqrt(1/(x + 1)) + 2*\sqrt(1/(x + 1))$	0	$2/\sqrt(1/(x + 1))$	0	
$\sqrt(1/(x^{*2} + 1))$	$\text{Integral}(\sqrt(1/(x^{*2} + 1)), x)$	0	$\text{arcsinh}(x)$	0	Sympy cannot solve this simple integral while Sage can.
$\sqrt(1/(x^{*3} + 1))$	$\text{Integral}(\sqrt(1/(x^{*3} + 1)), x)$	3	$\text{integrate}(\sqrt(1/(x^3 + 1)), x)$	0	

$\sqrt{x^{(-n)} / a}$	$-2x\sqrt{1/a}\sqrt{x^{(-n)}}/(n - 2)$	0	$-2x\sqrt{x^{(-n)} / a}/(n-2)$	0	Sage asks whether the denominator is zero before solving.
$\sqrt{1/(a*x^n + 1)}$	$\text{Integral}(\sqrt{1/(a*x^n + 1)}, x)$	29	$\text{integrate}(\sqrt{1/(x^n*a + 1)}, x)$	0	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
$\sqrt{1/(a*x^b + 1)}$	$\text{Integral}(\sqrt{1/(a*x^b + 1)}, x)$	35	$\text{integrate}(\sqrt{1/(x^b*a + 1)}, x)$	1	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
$\sqrt{a*x^2/(b*x^2 + 1)}$	$\sqrt{a*x^2}\sqrt{1/(b*x^2 + 1)} + \sqrt{a}\sqrt{x^2}\sqrt{1/(b*x^2 + 1)}/(b*x)$	2	$(\sqrt{a}*b*x^2 + \sqrt{a})/(\sqrt{b*x^2 + 1})*b$	0	
$\sqrt{a*x^3/(b*x^3 + 1)}$	$\text{Integral}(\sqrt{a*x^3/(b*x^3 + 1)}, x)$	7	$\text{integrate}(\sqrt{a*x^3/(b*x^3 + 1)}, x)$	0	
$\sqrt{a*x^n/(b*x^m + 1)}$	Timeout	115	$\text{integrate}(\sqrt{x^n*a/(x^m*b + 1)}, x)$	1	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
$\sqrt{(a*x^2 + 1)/(b*x^2 + 1)}$	Timeout	110	$\text{integrate}(\sqrt{(a*x^2 + 1)/(b*x^2 + 1)}, x)$	0	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
$\sqrt{(a*x^3 + 1)/(b*x^3 + 1)}$	Timeout	109	$\text{integrate}(\sqrt{(a*x^3 + 1)/(b*x^3 + 1)}, x)$	0	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
$\sqrt{(a*x^n + 1)/(b*x^m + 1)}$	Timeout	114	$\text{integrate}(\sqrt{(x^n*a + 1)/(x^m*b + 1)}, x)$	1	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
$\sqrt{(a*x^5 + x^3 + 1)/(b*x^5 + x^3 + 1)}$	Timeout	104	$\text{integrate}(\sqrt{(a*x^5 + x^3 + 1)/(b*x^5 + x^3 + 1)}, x)$	0	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
$\log(x)$	$x*\log(x) - x$	0	$x*\log(x) - x$	0	
$\log(1/x)$	$-x*\log(x) + x$	0	$-x*\log(x) + x$	0	
$\log(1/(x + 1))$	$-x*\log(x + 1) + x - \log(x + 1)$	0	$-(x + 1)*\log(x + 1) + x + 1$	0	
$\log(1/(x^2 + 1))$	$-x*\log(x^2 + 1) + 2*x - 2*I*\log(x + I) + I*\log(x^2 + 1)$	2	$-x*\log(x^2 + 1) + 2*x - 2*\arctan(x)$	0	
$\log(1/(x^3 + 1))$	$-x*\log(x^3 + 1) + 3*x - 3*\log(x + 1)/2 + \sqrt{3}*I*\log(x + 1)/2 + \log(x^3 + 1)/2 - \sqrt{3}*I*\log(x^3 + 1)/2 + \sqrt{3}*\log(x - 1/2 - \sqrt{3}*I/2)$	6	$-x*\log(x^3 + 1) - \sqrt{3}*\arctan(1/3*(2*x - 1)*\sqrt{3}) + 3*x - \log(x + 1) + 1/2*\log(x^2 - x + 1)$	0	
$\log(x^{(-n)} / a)$	$-n*x*\log(x) + n*x - x*\log(a)$	0	$n*x + x*\log(x^{(-n)} / a)$	0	

log(1/(a*x**n + 1))	Integral(log(1/(a*x**n + 1)), x)	68	$n*x - n\int \frac{1}{a^x e^{n \log(x)} + 1} dx - x^n \log(x^n a + 1)$	1	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
log(1/(a*x**b + 1))	Timeout	91	$b^x - b \int \frac{1}{a^x e^{b \log(x)} + 1} dx - x^b \log(a^b e^{b \log(x)} + 1)$	2	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
log(a*x**2/(b*x**2 + 1))	$x \log(a) + 2x \log(x) - x \log(b^2 x^2 + 1) + 2 \operatorname{I} \log(x - \operatorname{sqrt}(1/b)) / (b \operatorname{sqrt}(1/b)) - \operatorname{I} \log(b^2 x^2 + 1) / (b^2 \operatorname{sqrt}(1/b))$	10	$x \log(a x^2 / (b^2 x^2 + 1)) - 2 \arctan(\operatorname{sqrt}(b) x) / \operatorname{sqrt}(b)$	0	
log(a*x**3/(b*x**3 + 1))	$\begin{aligned} & -216b^4x^6(1/b)^{(7/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 216(-1)^{(2/3)}b^4x^6(1/b)^{(7/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 72(-1)^{(1/6)}\sqrt{3}b^4x^6(1/b)^{(7/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 72\sqrt{3}\operatorname{sqrt}(3)\operatorname{I}b^4x^6(1/b)^{(7/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 1764b^2x^5(1/b)^{(2/3)}\log(x) / (588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 588b^2x^5(1/b)^{(2/3)}\log(b^2 x^3 + 1) / (588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 630b^2x^5(1/b)^{(2/3)} / (588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 420(-1)^{(5/6)}\sqrt{3}b^2x^5(1/b)^{(2/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 210\sqrt{3}\operatorname{I}b^2x^5(1/b)^{(2/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 981b^2x^3(1/b)^{(4/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 981(-1)^{(4/3)}\operatorname{I}b^2x^3(1/b)^{(4/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 327(-1)^{(1/6)}\sqrt{3}b^2x^3(1/b)^{(4/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 327\sqrt{3}\operatorname{I}b^2x^3(1/b)^{(4/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 135b^2x^2(1/b)^{(7/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 135(-1)^{(7/3)}\operatorname{I}b^2x^2(1/b)^{(7/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 45(-1)^{(1/6)}\sqrt{3}b^2x^2(1/b)^{(7/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 45\sqrt{3}\operatorname{I}b^2x^2(1/b)^{(7/3)}/(588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 147(-1)^{(2/3)}b^2x^4\log(a) / (588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 49(-1)^{(2/3)}\sqrt{3}b^2x^4\log(a) / (588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 49(-1)^{(5/6)}\sqrt{3}b^2x^4\log(a) / (588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) + 147(-1)^{(1/3)}b^2x^4\log(a) / (588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 882(-1)^{(2/3)}b^2x^4\log(a) / (588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)} + 588b^2x^4(1/b)^{(2/3)}) - 294(-1)^{(2/3)} \end{aligned}$	26	$x \log(a x^3 / (b^2 x^3 + 1)) - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sqrt}(3) a \arctan(\frac{b^2 x^2 / (2/3) - b^{1/3}}{b^{1/3}}) - a \log(b^{2/3} x^2 - b^{1/3} x + 1) / b^{1/3} + 2 a \log((b^{1/3}) x + 1) / b^{1/3}$	0	Sage simplifies better.

$$\begin{aligned}
& (1/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(a) * \log(x) \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 294*(-1)** \\
& (5/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(a) * \log(x) \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 882*(-1)**(1/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(a) * \log(x) \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) - 294*(-1)**(1/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(a) * \log(b^*x^**3 \\
& + 1) / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x* \\
& (1/b)**(2/3)) - 98*(-1)** \\
& (5/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(a) * \log(b^*x^**3 + \\
& 1) / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 98*(-1)** \\
& (1/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(a) * \log(b^*x^**3 + \\
& 1) / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 294*(-1)**(2/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(a) * \log(b^*x^**3 \\
& + 1) / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x* \\
& (1/b)**(2/3)) + 588*(-1)**(2/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(a) \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) - 1323*(-1)**(2/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(x)**2 \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) - 441*(-1)**(1/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(x)**2 \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 1323*(-1)**(1/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(x)**2 \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) - 882*(-1)**(1/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(x) * \log(b^*x^**3 \\
& + 1) / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x* \\
& (1/b)**(2/3)) - 294*(-1)** \\
& (5/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(x) * \log(b^*x^**3 + \\
& 1) / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 294*(-1)** \\
& (1/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(x) * \log(b^*x^**3 + \\
& 1) / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 882*(-1)**(2/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(x) * \log(b^*x^**3 \\
& + 1) / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x* \\
& (1/b)**(2/3)) - 882*(-1)**(1/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(x) \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) - 294*(-1)**(5/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(x) \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 294*(-1)**(1/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(x) \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 882*(-1)**(2/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(x) \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) + 294*(-1)**(5/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(x - \\
& (-1)**(1/3)*(1/b)**(1/3)) / (588*b^**2*x^**4* \\
& (1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)**(2/3)) + 882*(-1)** \\
& (1/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(x - (-1)**(1/3)*(1/b)**(1/3)) \\
& / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x*(1/b)** \\
& (2/3)) - 147*(-1)**(2/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(b^*x^**3 + \\
& 1)**2 / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x* \\
& (1/b)**(2/3)) - 49*(-1)** \\
& (1/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(b^*x^**3 + \\
& 1)**2 / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x* \\
& (1/b)**(2/3)) + 49*(-1)** \\
& (5/6)*\sqrt{3} * b^*x^**4 * \log(b^*x^**3 + \\
& 1)**2 / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x* \\
& (1/b)**(2/3)) + 147*(-1)**(1/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(b^*x^**3 \\
& + 1)**2 / (588*b^**2*x^**4*(1/b)**(2/3) + 588*b^*x* \\
& (1/b)**(2/3)) - 588*(-1)**(2/3)*b^*x^**4 * \log(b^*x^**3
\end{aligned}$$



log((a*x**2 + 1)/(b*x**2 + 1))	Integral(log((a*x**2 + 1)/(b*x**2 + 1)), x)	72	x*log((a*x^2 + 1)/(b*x^2 + 1)) + 2*arctan(sqrt(a)*x)/sqrt(a) - 2*arctan(sqrt(b)*x)/sqrt(b)	0	Sage asks whether `a` and `b` are positive and then returns an answer. Sympy fails irrespective of the assumptions.
log((a*x**3 + 1)/(b*x**3 + 1))	Timeout	89	x*log((a*x^3 + 1)/(b*x^3 + 1)) + sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*(2*a^(2/3)*x - a^(1/3))*sqrt(3)/a^(1/3))/a^(1/3) - sqrt(3)*arctan(1/3*(2*b^(2/3)*x - b^(1/3))*sqrt(3)/b^(1/3))/b^(1/3) - 1/2*log(a^(2/3)*x^2 - a^(1/3)*x + 1)/a^(1/3) + log((a^(1/3)*x + 1)/a^(1/3))/a^(1/3) + 1/2*log(b^(2/3)*x^2 - b^(1/3)*x + 1)/b^(1/3) - log((b^(1/3)*x + 1)/b^(1/3))/b^(1/3)	0	Sage asks whether `a` and `b` are positive and then returns an answer. Sympy fails irrespective of the assumptions.
log((a*x**n + 1)/(b*x**m + 1))	Timeout	89	(m - n)*x - m*integrate(1/(b*e^(m*log(x)) + 1), x) + n*integrate(1/(x^n*a + 1), x) - x*log(x^m*b + 1) + x*log(x^n*a + 1)	4	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
log((a*x**5 + x**3 + 1)/(b*x**5 + x**3 + 1))	Integral(log((a*x**5 + x**3 + 1)/(b*x**5 + x**3 + 1)), x)	42	-x*log(b*x^5 + x^3 + 1) + x*log(a*x^5 + x^3 + 1) - integrate((2*x^3 + 5)/(b*x^5 + x^3 + 1), x) + integrate((2*x^3 + 5)/(a*x^5 + x^3 + 1), x)	1	When both Sage and Sympy fail, Sage is quicker.
sin(x)	-cos(x)	0	-cos(x)	0	
sin(x)**n*cos(x)**m	Timeout	102	No result	110	Disgraceful failure by Sage.
sin(a*x)**n*cos(b*x)**m	Timeout	81	No result	112	Disgraceful failure by Sage.
1/sin(x)	log(cos(x) - 1)/2 - log(cos(x) + 1)/2	0	1/2*log(cos(x) - 1) - 1/2*log(cos(x) + 1)	0	
1/(sin(x) + 1)	-2/(tan(x/2) + 1)	1	-2/(sin(x)/(cos(x) + 1) + 1)	0	
1/(sin(x)**2 + 1)	Timeout	96	1/2*sqrt(2)*arctan(sqrt(2)*tan(x))	0	Sage simply beats Sympy.
1/(sin(x)**3 + 1)	Timeout	87	Maxima: 'quotient' by 'zero'	78	Disgraceful failure by Sage.
sin(x)**(-n)/a	Integral(sin(x)**(-n)/a, x)	36	No result	227	Disgraceful failure by Sage.
1/(a*sin(x)**n + 1)	Timeout	98	Maxima: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.	1	Disgraceful failure by Sage.

$1/(a*\sin(x)^b + 1)$	Timeout	83	No result	140	Disgraceful failure by Sage.
$a*\sin(x)^2/(b*\sin(x)^2 + 1)$	Timeout	93	$(x/b - \arctan(\sqrt{b+1}*\tan(x)))/(\sqrt{b+1}^b)*a$	0	Sage simply beats Sympy.
$a*\sin(x)^3/(b*\sin(x)^3 + 1)$	Timeout	82	No result	568	Disgraceful failure by Sage.
$a*\sin(x)^n/(b*\sin(x)^m + 1)$	Integral( $a*\sin(x)^n/(b*\sin(x)^m + 1)$ , x)	24	Manual Interupt	1527	Both Sage and Sympy fail, however Sympy is quicker.
$(a*\sin(x)^2 + 1)/(b*\sin(x)^2 + 1)$	Timeout	98	$a*x/b - (a - b)*\arctan(\sqrt{b+1}*\tan(x))/(\sqrt{b+1}^b)$	0	Sage simply beats Sympy.
$(a*\sin(x)^3 + 1)/(b*\sin(x)^3 + 1)$	Timeout	96	Manual Interupt	203	
$(a*\sin(x)^n + 1)/(b*\sin(x)^m + 1)$	Timeout	83	Maxima: expt: undefined: 0 to a negative exponent.	1	Disgraceful failure by Sage.
$(a*\sin(x)^5 + \sin(x)^3 + 1)/(b*\sin(x)^5 + \sin(x)^3 + 1)$	Timeout	89	Manual Interupt	142	